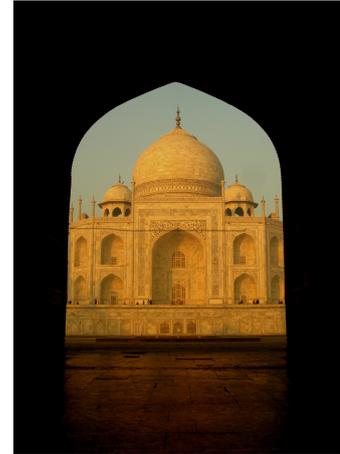


## Problem ID: maharajah

You have travelled to the 18th century to visit the Maharajah of Confusistan, who has been a dear friend of yours ever since you saved him from a tiger attack when he was young.

The Maharajah owns a huge treasure which is safely kept inside his mighty palace. The palace is surrounded by a circular wall that several security guards have been assigned to. To ensure better protection of the treasure, the guards change their positions every night.

The guards change their positions according to the following scheme: there are  $m$  guards and  $m$  positions, numbered from 1 to  $m$ , as well as a permutation  $p$ . Each night, the guard who took position  $i$  the previous night moves to position  $p_i$ , for each  $i$ .



His advisors tell you that the Maharajah has grown increasingly paranoid since your last visit – he ordered the construction of a second circular wall, to be built around the existing wall.  $n$  guards are to be assigned to this second wall, who will also rotate their positions according to a fixed permutation.

It is not hard to see that for each permutation, there must be a night in which all  $m + n$  guards are back in the same position that they were in the first night. This is a weak point in the security concept, as it makes it easier for thieves and looters to look for inattentiveness in the guards' behaviour.

The Maharajah, too, is aware of this, so he has ordered that the permutation for the  $n$  new guards be chosen so that it will take as long as possible for this to happen. Since he knows you are quite proficient at problem solving, he asked you to find such a permutation.

### Input

The input consists of:

- One line with two integers  $m$  and  $n$  ( $1 \leq m, n \leq 3000$ ), the number of guards on the inner and outer wall, respectively.
- One line with  $m$  integers  $p_1, \dots, p_m$ , ( $1 \leq p_i \leq m$  for each  $i$ , the  $p_i$  are distinct), the permutation for the guards on the inner wall.

### Output

Output  $n$  integers  $p_{m+1}, \dots, p_{m+n}$  ( $m + 1 \leq p_i \leq m + n$  for each  $i$ , the  $p_i$  are distinct), a permutation for the guards on the outer wall such that the time it takes for all  $m + n$  guards to return to their original positions is maximised. If there is more than one solution, any one of them will be accepted.

#### Sample Input 1

```
3 7
2 3 1
```

#### Sample Output 1

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10 7 9 8 4 6 5
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